Statement-III

Per cent of Sub-Centre having specific major facilities in India-2003

Infrastructure	Govt. building	45.2
	Water at least with well*	78.8
	Electricity	43.1
	Toilet facility	73.6
	ANM having own moped	11.9
Regular Supply**	Lubricant Nirodh pieces	96.3
	Oral Pills	96.6
	lUDs	96.0
	IFA (Large)	97.5
	IFA (Small)	94.9
	Vitamin A solution	96.7
	ORS Packets	92.9
Stock on the day of survey	Lubricant Nirodh pieces	72.7
	Oral Pills	78.5
	lUDs	63.8
	IFA (Large)	88.8
	IFA (Small)	84.5
	Vitamin A solution	82.6
	ORS packets	83.3
Staff in position or	Health Workers (Male)	67.7
Manpower***	Health Workers (Female)	95.1
Received of Kit	Kit A Drugs	96.9
	Kit B Drugs	95.2
	Kit C Equipment	26.0
Equipments (Functional)****	Examination Table	89.4
	Infant Weighing machine	86.7
	BP Instrument	65.9
	Stethoscope	79.5
	Pressure Cooker	86.-0
	Hemoglobinometer	75.1
	Reagent strips for urine test	88.3
	Speculum	95.7
	Medicine Chest	83.3
	Vaccine day carrier	99.4
	Examination table	89.4

* Tap water is not included.

* * Regular supply is from stock on the day of survey.

*** Staff is position is from number of health facility having sanction post.

**** Equipment functional is from availability of equipment.

Note: Sub-Centres were not covered in the first phase of the facility survey conducted in 1999

Source: Facility Survey India-2003

Health services in rural areas

†2036. SHRI UDAY PRATAP SINGH: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn towards medical services, doctors and para-medical staff in rural and remote areas;

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

(b) if so, the details thereof and the effective steps being taken to improve health services and making doctors and nurses available in rural areas; and

(c) the target set for expenditure on rural health services during Eleventh five Year Plan?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. ANBUMANI RAMA-DOSS): (a) and (b) Primary Health Care Services in rural areas are provided through a network of a three tier infrastructure system of Sub Centre, Primary Health Centre and Community Health Centre. As on March 2006, Rural Health Care Services are provided through the network of 144988 sub-centres, 22669 PHCs and 3910 CHCs in the country. There an 149695 Multipurpose Worker [Female]/ANM at Sub Centres & PHCs, 65511, Health Worker [Male]/MPW [M] at Sub Centres, 17107 Health Assistants [Female]/LHV at PHCs, 18223 Health Assistants [Male] at PHCs, 22273 Doctors at PHCs, 18419 Pharmacists at PHCs and CHCs, 12351 Lab Technicians at PHCs and CHCs, 29493 Nurse Midwife at PHC' & CHCs, 3979 Specialists [Surgeons, OB&GY, Physicians and Pediatricians] at Community Health Centres, and 1782 Radiographers at CHC, as on 31 st March, 2006. The National Rural Health Mission [NRHM] envisages support to PHCs by provision of one doctor including AYUSH practitioner and 3 staff nurse to make PHCs 24 x 7 functional. NRHM also envisages support for upgradation, drugs equipment and manpower on contractual basis. United funds of Rs. 10000/- and Annual Maintenance Grant of Rs. 10000/- is given to SCs for local requirements. United funds of Rs. 25000/-, Maintenance grant of Rs. 50,000/- and grant of Rs. One lakh to Rogi Kalyan Samiti of PHC is given to every PHC under NRHM. State/UT Governments have to incorporate the requirements of funds for PHCs in their Annual Programme Implementation Plans [PIPs]. Moreover, State Governments have taken various initiatives to ensure service of doctors in rural areas such as first posting in rural/difficult areas, walk in interviews, contractual appointment, provision of rural area allowance, kind and cash incentive to serve in difficult areas, offering choice of posting after rural/difficult area tenure etc. Under NRHM, State/UTs have appointed 6807 doctors/specialists, 36312 ANM/ Staff Nurses and have made 9395 PHCs 24x7 functional upto October, 2007.

(c) As per the information received from Planning Commission, the tentative outlay for 11th Five Year Plan [2007-2012] is Rs. 136147.00 Crores for Health Sector including NRHM.

Save the girl child

2037. SHRI RAVULA CHANDRA SEKAR REDDY: Will the. Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government is formulating any scheme to save girl child in the country;

(b) if so, the details worked out, so far;

(c) whether Government is reaching out to the rural population;

(d) if so, the details thereof and the present status in rural areas in Andhra Pradesh, district-wise; and

(e) what is the role of Panchayats in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. ANBUMANI RAMA-DOSS): (a) to (e) In order to check female foeticide, the 'Pre-natal Diagnostic Techniques (Regulation and Prevention of Misuse) Act, 1994' was enacted w.e.f. 1.1.1996. The Act and